Assignment 1 due: September 28

- 1. Find the domain and range, and sketch the graph of the function:
 - (a) $f(x) = 2 2^{-x}$
 - (b) $g(x) = e^{|x+1|}$.
- 2. Find the domain and range of the function f. Justify your answer.
 - (a) $f(x) = \ln(\arctan(e^x 2018))$
 - (b) $f(x) = \sin(\sqrt{\pi x 4x^2})$ (c) $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}\right)$.
- **3.** (a) Use the definition of injectivity to show that, if functions f and g are injective, then so is the composite function $g \circ f$.
 - (b) Use the definition of the inverse function to show that, if functions f and g are injective, then the inverse $(g \circ f)^{-1}$ is equal to the function $f^{-1} \circ g^{-1}$.
 - (c) Use part (b) to find the inverse of the function

$$h(x) = \frac{\ln x + 3}{5 - \ln x}.$$

- 4. Determine which of the following functions are injective. Justify your answers.
 - (a) $y = \frac{4x 1}{2x + 3}$ (b) $y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$ (c) $y = x^3 - x$ (d) $y = \arcsin(\ln x)$.
- 5. Find the inverses of functions from Problem 4, whenever possible. For each inverse function, determine its domain and range. Justify your answers.